

# The Electoral College How it hurts our democracy

Sunday, February 17, 2019

Spring Lake Community Theater



Greater Red Bank Area Township of Ocean Western Monmouth County

### A national angst

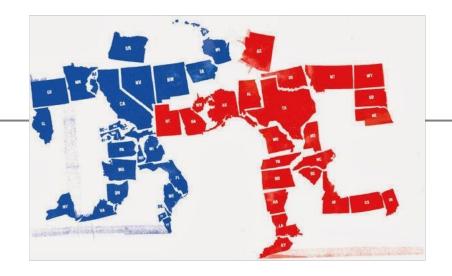








### Hypothesis

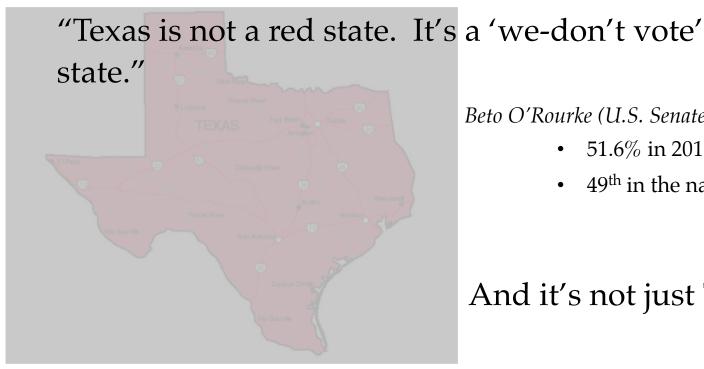


The threat to our democracy is not a person.

It's not a party.

It's RESIGNATION.

#### Too many Americans are sitting on the sidelines of our democracy

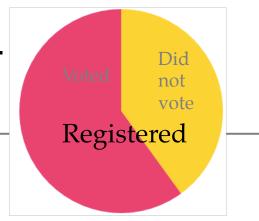


Beto O'Rourke (U.S. Senate candidate)

- 51.6% in 2016 election
- 49<sup>th</sup> in the nation

And it's not just Texas . . .

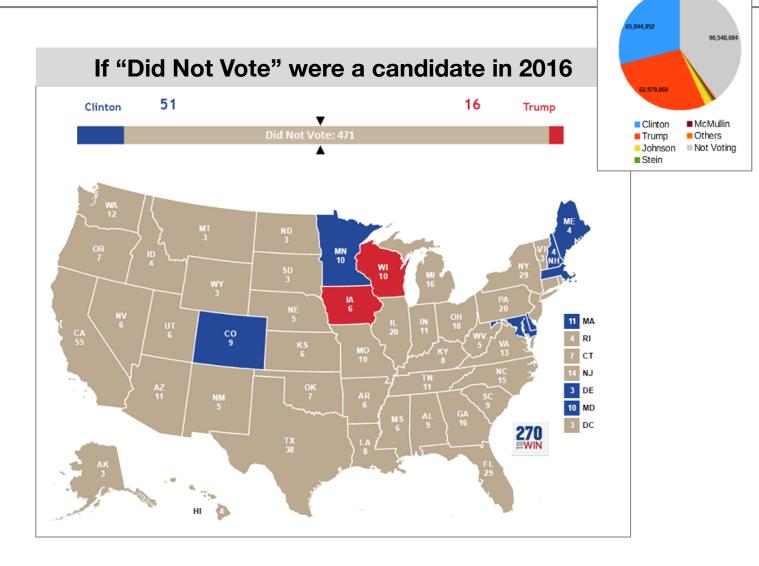
# In 2016, 4 out of 10 Americans who were registered to vote—didn't



- National turnout of *eligible* voters was 60.2%
- More than 2012 (58.6%). Less than 2008.
- 91,740,015 votes not cast 230,585,915 eligible voters; 138,845,900 cast

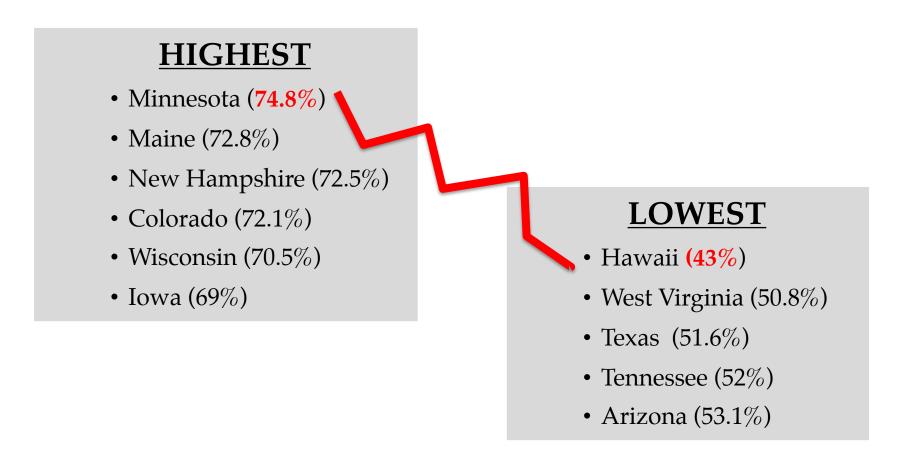
We're not blue states and red states.

#### We're "we-don't-vote" states



Popular vote

#### Voter-turnout varies significantly by state



What explains the difference?

#### Two critical variables

#### 1) Ease of registration 2) Swing state status

#### **HIGHEST**

- Minnesota (74.8%)
- Maine (72.8%)
- New Hampshire (72.5%)
- Colorado (72.1%)
- Wisconsin (70.5%)
- Iowa (69%)
- 1. All have same day registration.
- 2. 5 of 6 were swing states.

- 1. All cut off registration 3-4 weeks before Election Day.
- 2. None are swing states.

#### LOWEST

- Hawaii (43%)
- West Virginia (50.8%)
- Texas (51.6%)
- Tennessee (52%)
- Arizona (53.1%)

Based on 2016 results

#### The Electoral College creates Swing States

#### Here's how:

- States get electoral votes equal to their Congressional delegation
- In all but two states, the winner takes all Votes cast for the loser are "wasted."
- In states where a party as a comfortable margin, candidates have *no reason to campaign*—creating a two-tier system:

#### **SWING STATES**

Colorado Florida Iowa Michigan Minnesota Ohio Nevada New Hampshire North Carolina Pennsylvania Virginia Maryland

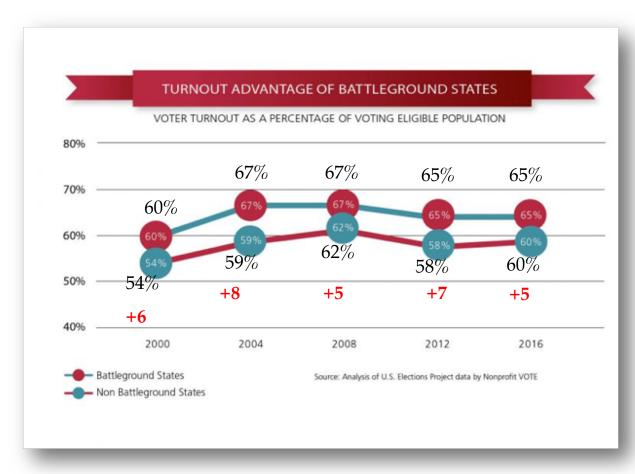
#### SPECTATOR STATES

All the rest (38 states, 65% VEP)

#### Battleground status (swing v. spectator) matters



If you are a **DEMOCRAT** in the **RED** state or a **REPUBLICAN** in the **BLUE** state, you feel your vote is "wasted"—and you're right.



#### Beyond discouraging turnout

## The Electoral College hurts our democracy in (at least) three other ways

1.

Discounts votes

2.

Fuels partisanship

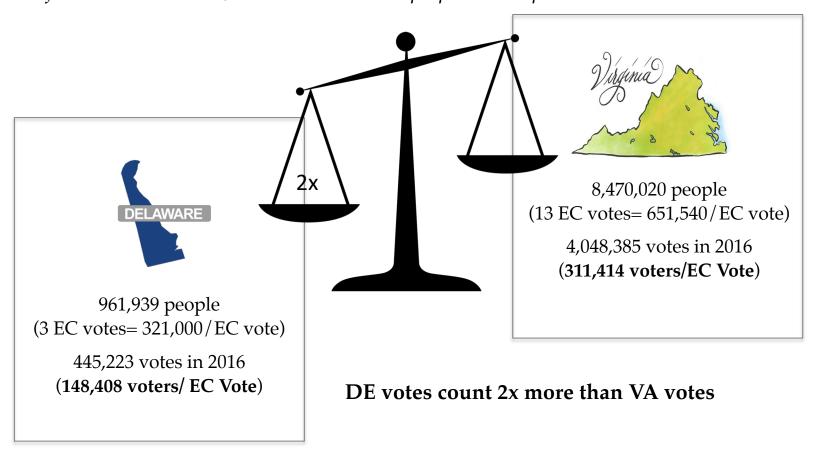
3.

Overrides the will of the people



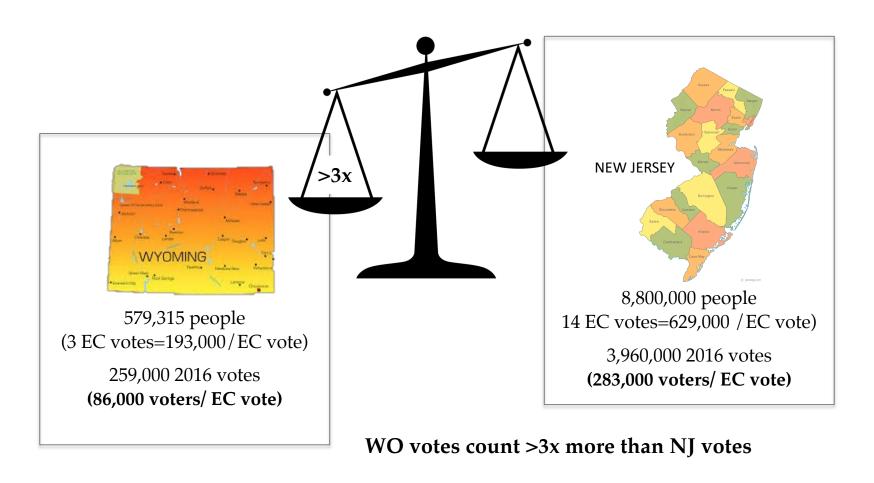
## The Electoral College discounts the votes of millions of citizens

Because all states—regardless of their population—start with 2 electors and no state can have fewer than 3 electors, small states have disproportionate power.



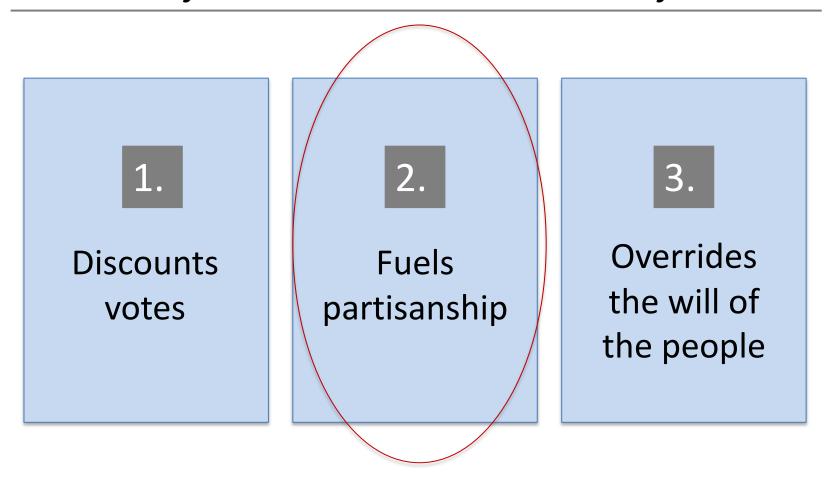
### 2.

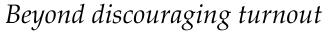
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#### Beyond discouraging turnout

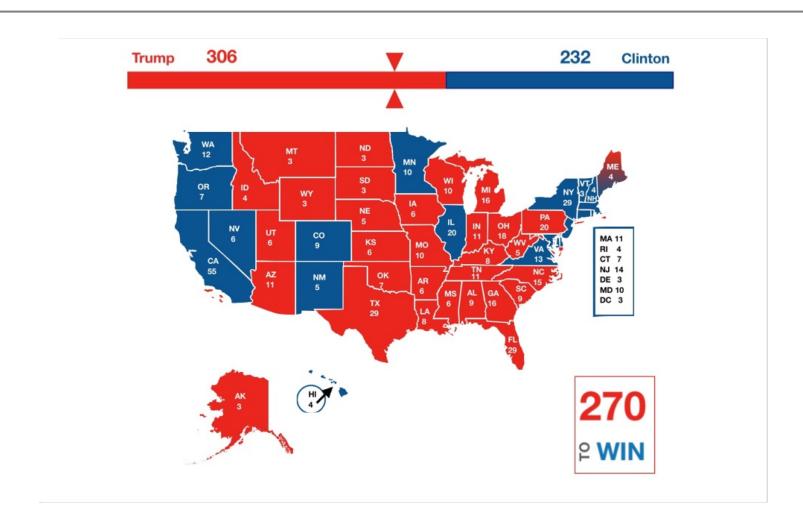
## The Electoral College hurts our democracy in (at least) three other ways



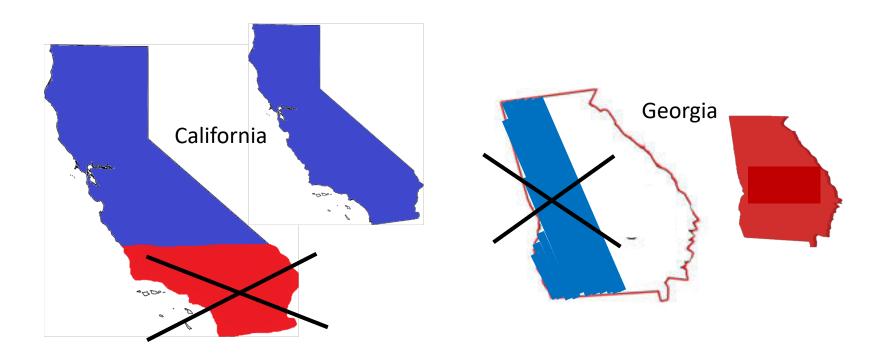




## Fuels tribalism by exaggerating our differences and ignoring our diversity



#### The diversity we don't see



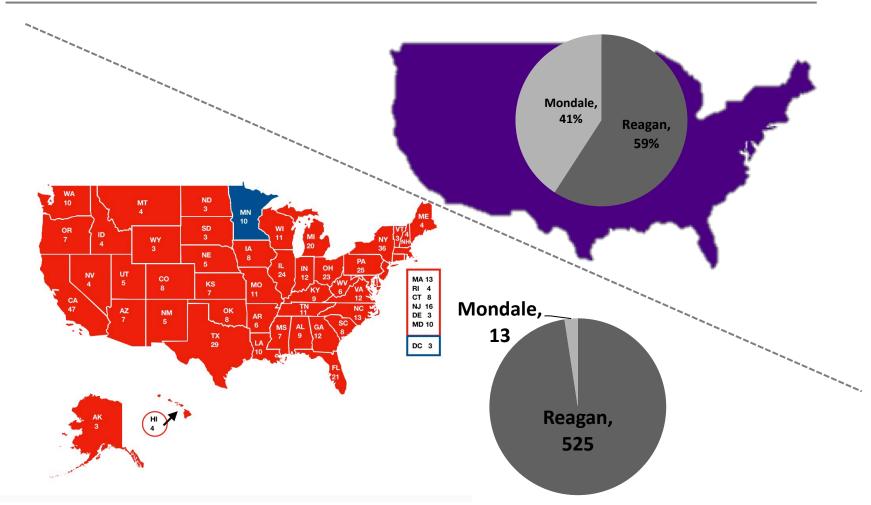
- 32% of **CA** voters for Trump—Map show the state **BLUE** (4.5 million Trump voters)
- 46% in **GA** for Clinton—Map show GA **RED** (1.9 million Clinton voters)
- 43% in CO for Trump—Map shows CO BLUE (1.2 million Trump voters)
- 35% in AL for Clinton—Map shows AL RED (750,000 Clinton voters)



2.

#### Fuels tribalism ignores diversity of opinion

## Consider 1984, the most lopsided electoral college victory in modern history



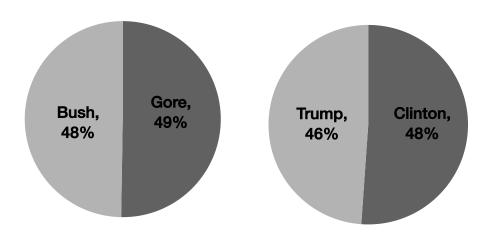
#### Beyond discouraging turnout

## The Electoral College hurts our democracy in (at least) three other ways

3. **Overrides Fuels Discounts** the will of partisanship votes the people 3.

## The Electoral College has elected the loser of the popular vote in 5 elections

- 1824: Adams over Jackson
- 1876: Hayes over Tilden
- 1888: Harrison over Cleveland
- 2000: Bush 50,456,000 over Gore 51,000,000
- 2016: Trump 62,980,000 over Clinton 65,845,000



#### If it's such a bad idea ...

#### What were the Founding Fathers thinking?

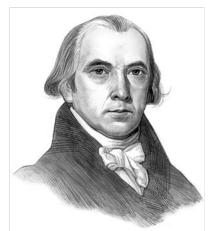
#### Knew what they DIDN'T want

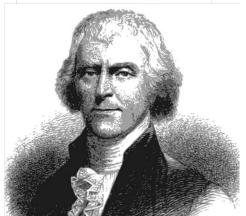
- Rejected the parliamentary system—
   Wanted to separate executive and legislative branches
- Rejected direct vote by people—
  - Concern that poor communication would make for an ill-formed voter
  - Southern states would lose clout
  - Administrative/logistical obstacles

#### **Electoral College was a compromise**

- Appeased southern states Slaves counted as 3/5 person in calculating number of electors
- Expected the Electors to exercise their discretion

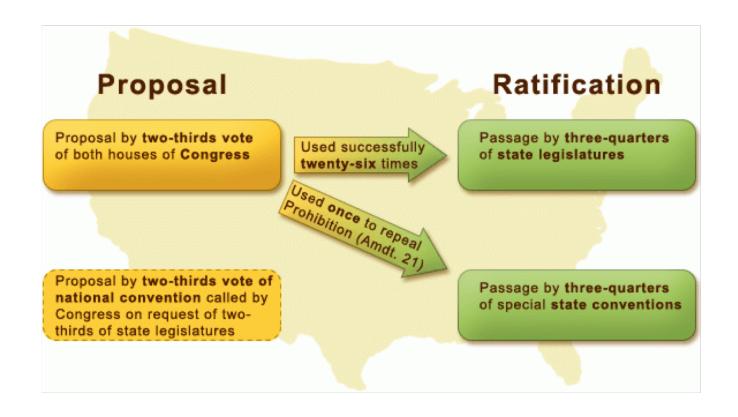
These concerns no longer apply.





#### What's the answer?

#### Long-term: A Constitutional Amendment



#### What's the answer?

#### **Interim: National Popular Vote Interstate Compact**



An agreement among states to elect the President by national popular vote

- Guarantees that the candidate who wins the most votes in all 50 states and the DC wins.
- Takes effect when states with electoral votes adding up to 270 (the number needed to win) have signed on

#### Where does it stand?

Gray indicates no hearing

#### **National Popular Vote Interstate Compact**

Enacted in 11 states and the District of Columbia (172 electoral votes) CA, CT, DC, HI, IL, MA, MD, NJ, NY, RI, VT, WA MA NY 29 RI WI 10 ND 3 WA 12 MT 3 SD 3 20 OH ID 4 WY 3 **OR 7** 6 18 MD 10 NE 5 20 11 CO KS 10 13 **OK 7** TN ΑZ 11 TX 38 AL GA FL 29 Green indicates that the National Popular Vote bill has been enacted into law Orange indicates passage by one legislative chamber Yellow indicates passage by both legislative chambers (but in different years, and hence not enacted) Blue indicates a hearing by at least one legislative committee

NPVIC website

#### National Popular Vote Interstate Compact

#### What the Constitution says

#### **Article II, Section 1**

- Sets up the Electoral College
- Gives states exclusive control over how the Electors cast their votes

Each State shall appoint, in such Manner as the Legislature thereof may direct, a Number of Electors . . ."

State legislatures decide how their electoral votes will be cast.

"Winner-take-all" was the choice of half the states in 1828. Today, it is the system for all but two.

#### What you can do

### Push for a Constitutional Amendment. Safeguard NJ's VPVIC decision.

- Spread the word to family and friends
- Host or give this presentation to groups you belong to
- Urge Senators Booker and Menendez to support a Constitutional Amendment
- Talk to state legislators about their views and urge their continued support of the National Popular Vote Interstate Compact
- If you haven't already, join the League of Women Voters
- Follow NPVIC on Facebook: <a href="https://www.facebook.com/">https://www.facebook.com/</a> national popular voteinc



#### **Hot Topics Series**

Informed, nonpartisan explorations of topics critical to our democracy.

#### THE 2020 CENSUS WHY IT MATTERS SO MUCH

3 to 4:30, Sunday, January 27, 2019 The Shrewsbury Historical Society Building

419 Shrewsbury Avenue, Shrewsbury

The Census is an every-ten-year count of the nation's population. The results can change a state's congressional representation and shift how and where federal monies are spent. Learn the fiscal, operational, and policy threats to the 2020 Census and what you can do about it.

#### FAIR REDISTRICTING FIXING A BROKEN SYSTEM

3 to 4:30, Sunday, March 24, 2019

Terner Gallery, adjacent to the Ocean Township Library 701 Deal Road, Ocean Tosnjhip

In 2021, New Jersey will redraw its Legislative and Congressional Districts—a process plagued by back-room deal-making that has given us non-competitive races and unresponsive representatives. The system is broken. Come find out what it takes to fix it.

### More to come



Presented by the League of Women Voters of the Greater Red Bank Area, the Township of Ocean , and Western Monmouth County

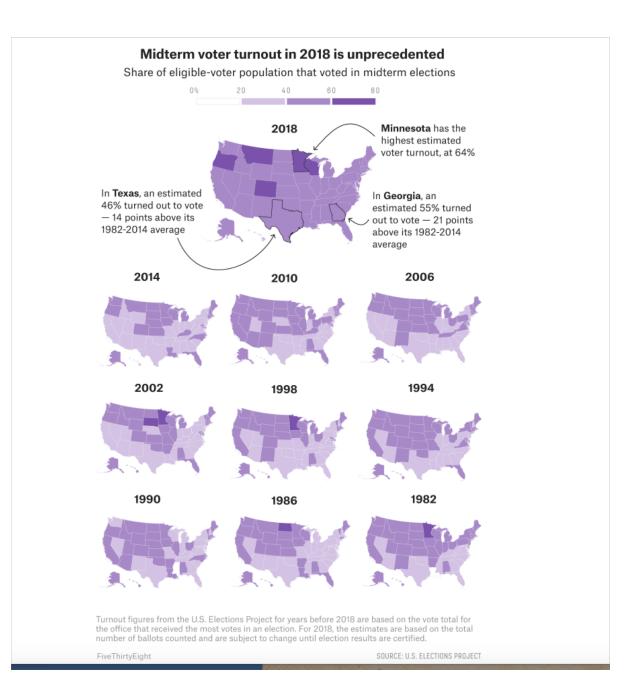
lwvgrba.org

lwvto.org lwvwesternmonmouth.org

**Empowering Voters. Defending Democracy.** 

#### Video available at LWVTO.ORG

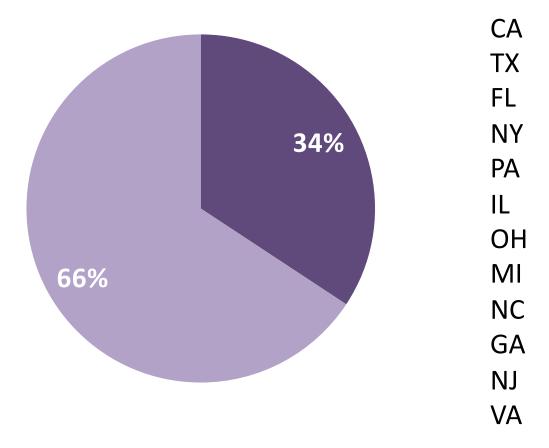




### Myth #1

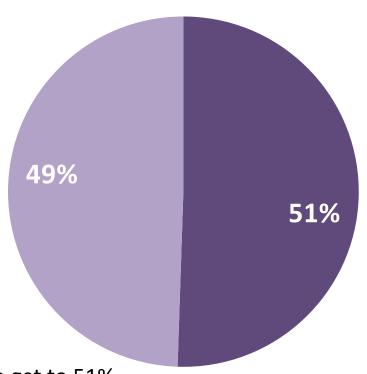
Without the Electoral College, our presidents would all be chosen by a couple of big states like California, New York, and Texas.

Contribution to the total vote if each state voted 60-40% all for the same candidate and we elected the president by national popular vote





Contribution to the total vote if each state voted 60-40% all for the same candidate and we elected the president by national popular vote



Would need 30 states to get to 51% IF they all voted for the SAME candidate by a 20-POINT margin!



CA WA TX TN FL IN NY AZ PA MO IL WI OH MD MI CO NC MN GA SC NJ AL VA LA KY OR

### Fact:

Votes from ALL states would be necessary to win the presidency.

Election by popular vote means all votes count.

#### National Popular Vote by Person, Not by State











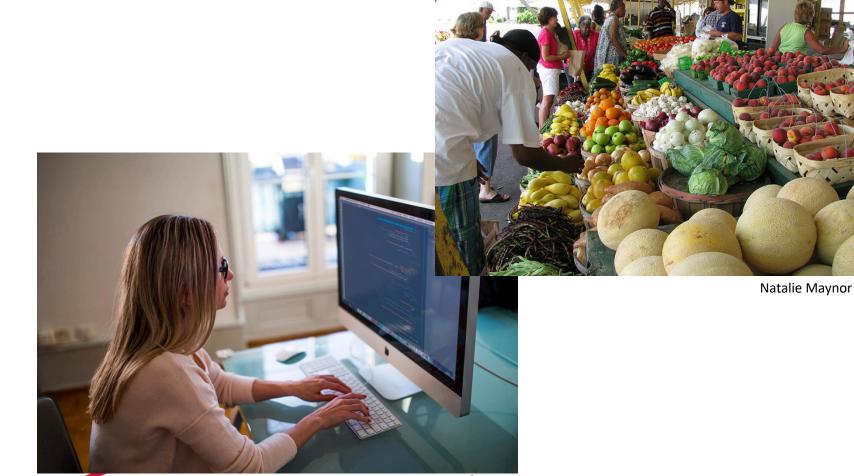
### Myth #2

Smaller, less populated states need the protection of the Electoral College to ensure their interests are represented by the President.

### Fact:

There is no coherent "small state" or "large state" interest that needs protecting. All of our states have diverse interests.

#### All of our states have diverse interests



## Most farmers live in large states



Billy Hathorn



Terrie Miller



Mohamed Amarochan



Jakec

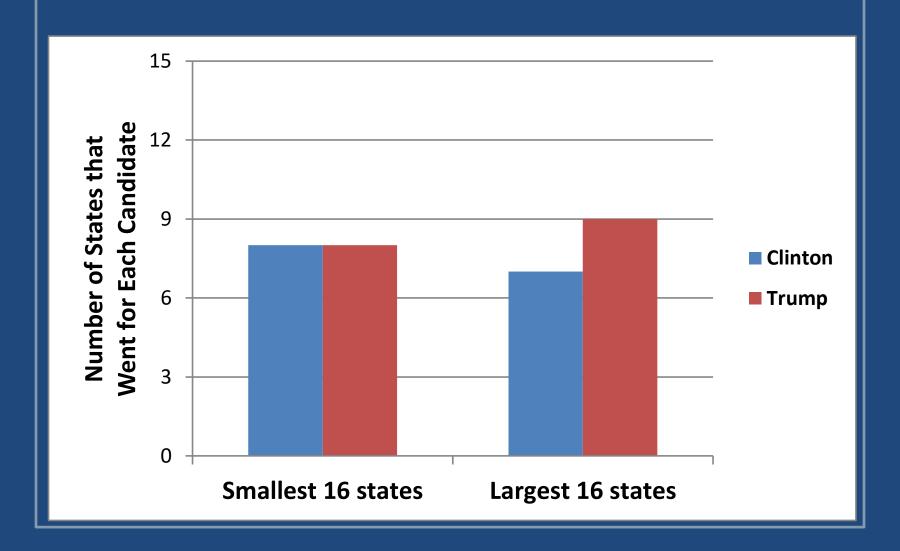
### Our political interests cross state lines.



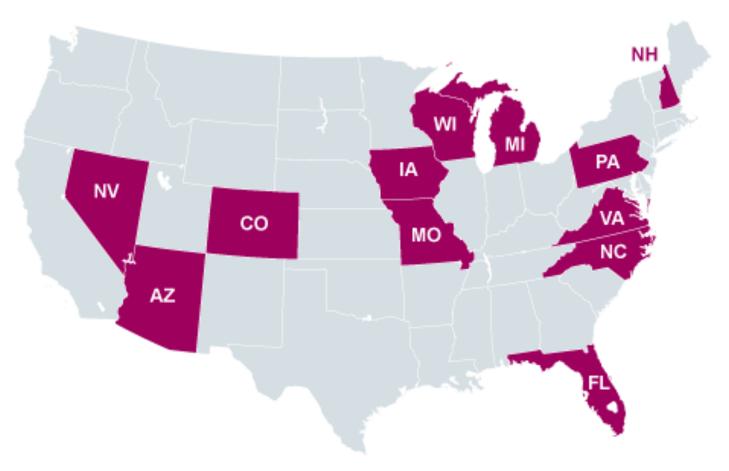


 $\stackrel{\smile}{8}$  Marion S. Trikosko, U.S. News & World Report Magazine

### \$mall States Do Not Vote as a Bloc



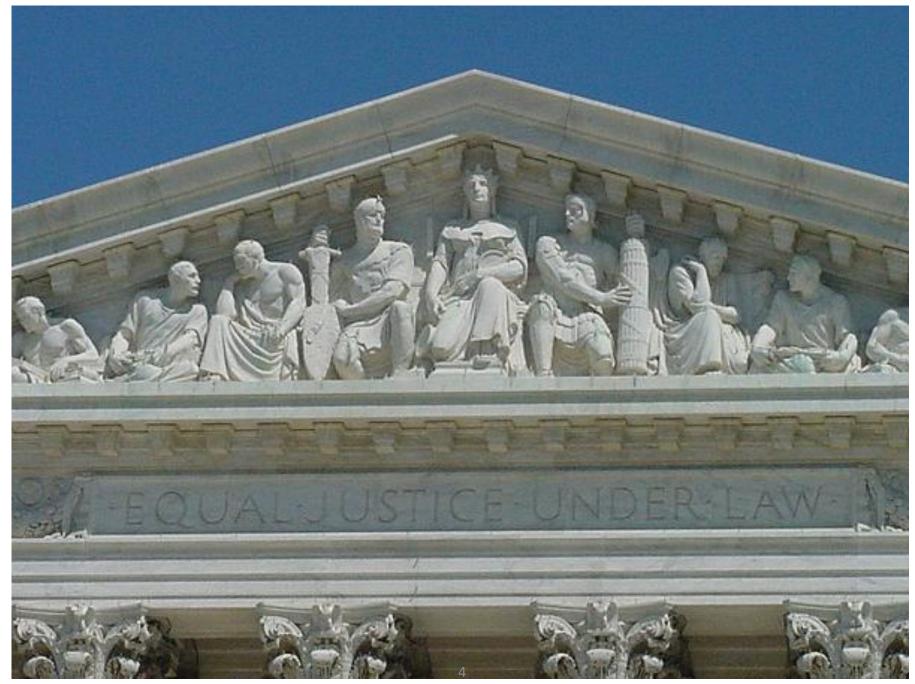
# Candidates focus their time in "swing states," not small states.

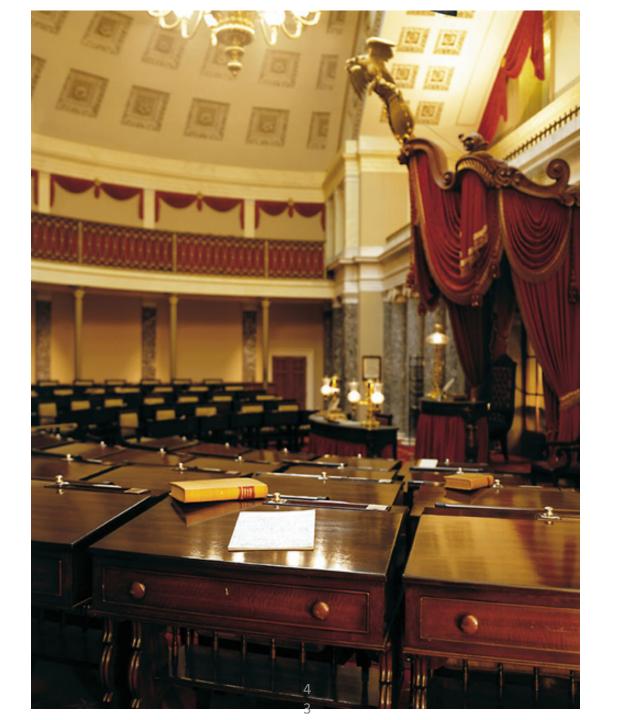




# Myth #3

The Electoral College protects the rights of the minority from the tyranny of the majority.





## Fact:

The rights of minority groups are protected by the Courts and the Senate.

# Myth #4

Abolishing the Electoral College will mostly benefit Democratic candidates.

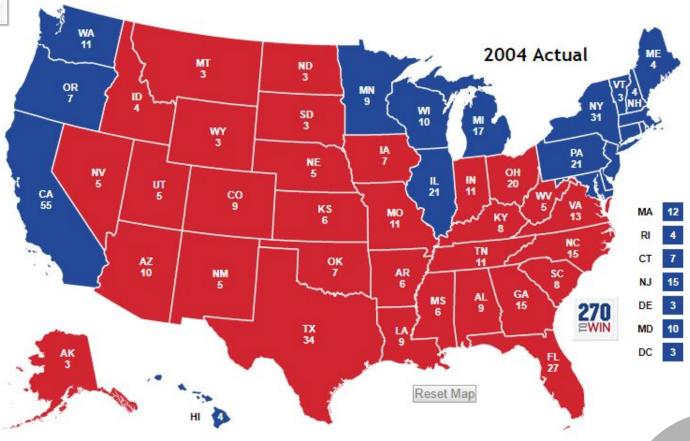


286

Bush (R)

251 Kerry (D)

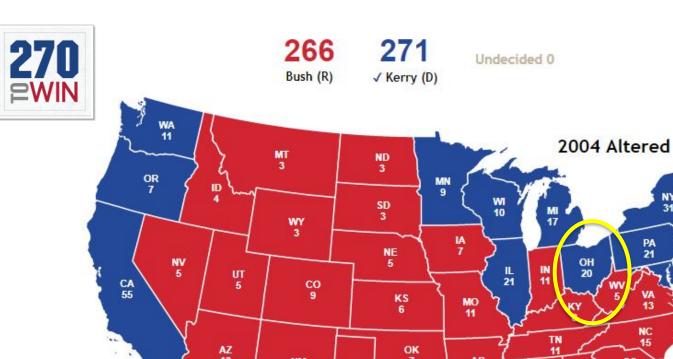
Undecided 0



Winner: George Bush

Bush received 3.01 million more votes than Kerry

Kerry, 48% Bush, 51%

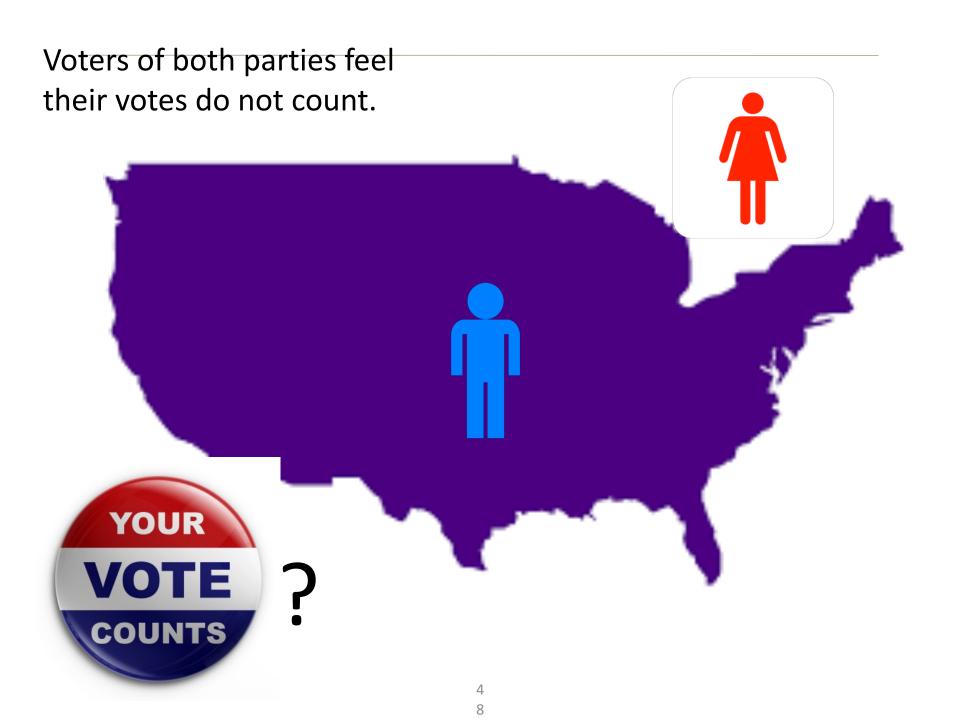




Winner: John Kerry

Bush received 2.95 million more votes than Kerry

Kerry, Bush, 48% 51%



## Fact:

The Electoral College can, and has, hurt Republicans and well as Democrats.

This is a non-partisan issue.

# How do we abolish the Electoral College?

Urge our legislators to introduce and co-sponsor a constitutional amendment.



Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States to abolish the electoral college and to provide for the direct popular election of the President and Vice President of the United States.

#### Senate Joint Resolution 41

INTRODUCED BY SEN. BARBARA BOXER OF CALIFORNIA NOV 15, 2016

#### House Joint Resolution 103

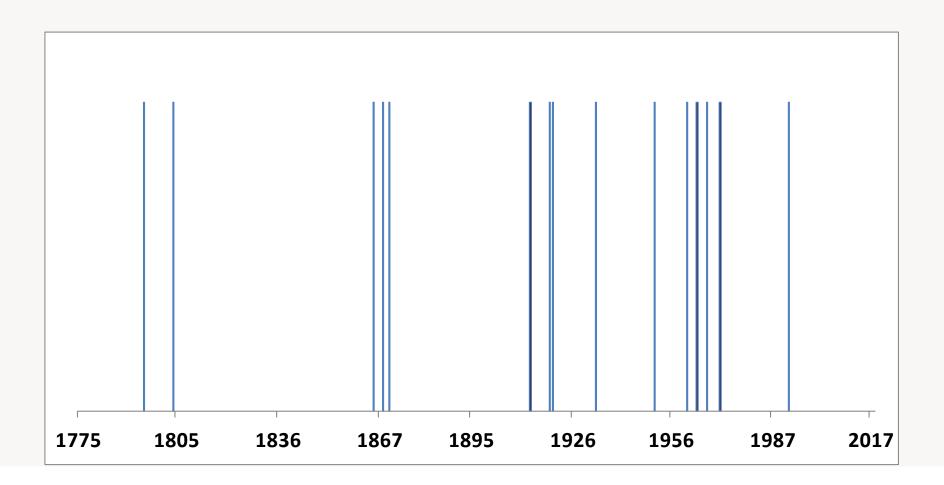
INTRODUCED BY REP. CHARLES RANGEL OF NEW YORK NOV 17, 2016

Introduced, referred to Committee, no action taken.





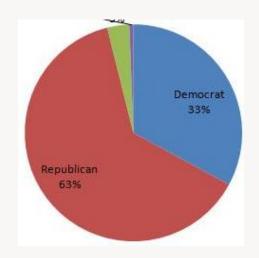
### **Timeline of Constitutional Amendments**







# What about proportional representation by state?







## Third Parties Make it Hard for One Candidate to Reach 270 Electoral Votes with Proportional System









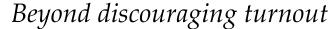






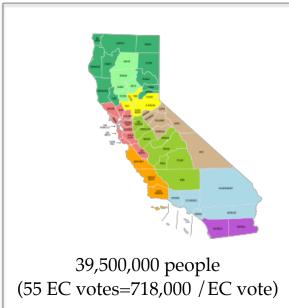
	Total Electoral Votes	Percent For Clinton	Percent For Trump	Percent For Other	Electoral Votes for Clinton	Electoral Votes for Trump	Electoral Votes for Other
AZ	11	45%	50%	5%	5.0	5.5	0.5
СО	9	47%	44%	9%	4.2	4.0	0.8
All	538				257	253	27







### The Electoral College discounts the votes of millions of citizens



15,000,000 2016 votes (273,000 voters/ EC vote) **WO** votes count 3x as much as CA votes



579,315 people (3 EC votes=193,000/EC vote) 259,000 2016 votes (86,000 voters/ EC vote)